

Exercises for Tangents

Using the alternative definition $\left(m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}\right)$ of the slope of the tangent to $y = f(x)$ at the point $(a, f(a))$

(1) $f(x) = (x + 1)^2$ at $(2, 9)$.

Solution

(2) $f(x) = (x + 2)^3$ at $(0, 8)$.

Solution

(3) $f(x) = (x + 3)^4$ at $(-2, 1)$.

Solution

(4) $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 1}$ at $(3, 2)$.

Solution

(5) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$ at $(3, \frac{1}{4})$.

Solution

(6) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}}$ at $(4, 3)$.

Solution

(7) $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$ at $(-2, 2)$.

Solution

(8) $f(x) = x\sqrt{x+1}$ at $(0, 0)$.

Solution

Solutions

(1)

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 \text{ at } (2, 9).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

Solutions

(1)

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 \text{ at } (2, 9).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2 + h) - f(2)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

Solutions

(1)

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 \text{ at } (2, 9).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2 + h) - f(2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2 + h + 1)^2 - (2 + 1)^2}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

Solutions**(1)**

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 \text{ at } (2, 9).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2 + h) - f(2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2 + h + 1)^2 - (2 + 1)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3 + h)^2 - (3)^2}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

Solutions**(1)**

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 \text{ at } (2, 9).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h+1)^2 - (2+1)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+h)^2 - (3)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^2 + 2(3)h + h^2 - 3^2}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

Solutions**(1)**

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 \text{ at } (2, 9).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h+1)^2 - (2+1)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+h)^2 - (3)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^2 + 2(3)h + h^2 - 3^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{6h + h^2}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

Solutions**(1)**

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 \text{ at } (2, 9).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h+1)^2 - (2+1)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+h)^2 - (3)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^2 + 2(3)h + h^2 - 3^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{6h + h^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 6 + h =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

Solutions**(1)** $f(x) = (x + 1)^2$ at $(2, 9)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h+1)^2 - (2+1)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+h)^2 - (3)^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^2 + 2(3)h + h^2 - 3^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{6h + h^2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 6 + h =$$

6[Back to Questions](#)

(2) $f(x) = (x + 2)^3$ at $(0, 8)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(2) $f(x) = (x + 2)^3$ at $(0, 8)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0 + h) - f(0)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(2) $f(x) = (x + 2)^3$ at $(0, 8)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0 + h) - f(0)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0 + h + 2)^3 - (0 + 2)^3}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(2) $f(x) = (x + 2)^3$ at $(0, 8)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0 + h) - f(0)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0 + h + 2)^3 - (0 + 2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2 + h)^3 - (2)^3}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(2) \quad f(x) = (x + 2)^3 \text{ at } (0, 8).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0 + h) - f(0)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0 + h + 2)^3 - (0 + 2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2 + h)^3 - (2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^3 + 3(2)^2h + 3(2)h^2 + h^3 - 2^3}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(2) \quad f(x) = (x + 2)^3 \text{ at } (0, 8).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0 + h) - f(0)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0 + h + 2)^3 - (0 + 2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2 + h)^3 - (2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^3 + 3(2)^2h + 3(2)h^2 + h^3 - 2^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{12h + 6h^2 + h^3}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(2) \quad f(x) = (x + 2)^3 \text{ at } (0, 8).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0 + h) - f(0)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0 + h + 2)^3 - (0 + 2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2 + h)^3 - (2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^3 + 3(2)^2h + 3(2)h^2 + h^3 - 2^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{12h + 6h^2 + h^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 12 + 6h + h^2 =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(2) \quad f(x) = (x + 2)^3 \text{ at } (0, 8).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0 + h) - f(0)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0 + h + 2)^3 - (0 + 2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2 + h)^3 - (2)^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^3 + 3(2)^2h + 3(2)h^2 + h^3 - 2^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{12h + 6h^2 + h^3}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 12 + 6h + h^2 =$$

12

[Back to Questions](#)

(3) $f(x) = (x + 3)^4$ at $(-2, 1)$. $m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (x + 3)^4 \text{ at } (-2, 1). \quad m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$
$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2 + h) - f(-2)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (x + 3)^4 \text{ at } (-2, 1). \quad m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2 + h) - f(-2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-2 + h + 3)^4 - (-2 + 3)^4}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (x + 3)^4 \text{ at } (-2, 1). \quad m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2 + h) - f(-2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-2 + h + 3)^4 - (-2 + 3)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 + h)^4 - (1)^4}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (x + 3)^4 \text{ at } (-2, 1). \quad m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2 + h) - f(-2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-2 + h + 3)^4 - (-2 + 3)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 + h)^4 - (1)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1^4 + 4(1)^3h + 6(1)^2h^2 + 4(1)h^3 + h^4 - 1^4}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (x + 3)^4 \text{ at } (-2, 1). \quad m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2 + h) - f(-2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-2 + h + 3)^4 - (-2 + 3)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 + h)^4 - (1)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1^4 + 4(1)^3h + 6(1)^2h^2 + 4(1)h^3 + h^4 - 1^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4h + 6h^2 + 4h^3 + h^4}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (x + 3)^4 \text{ at } (-2, 1). \quad m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2 + h) - f(-2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-2 + h + 3)^4 - (-2 + 3)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 + h)^4 - (1)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1^4 + 4(1)^3h + 6(1)^2h^2 + 4(1)h^3 + h^4 - 1^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4h + 6h^2 + 4h^3 + h^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 4 + 6h + 4h^2 + h^3 =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (x + 3)^4 \text{ at } (-2, 1). \quad m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2 + h) - f(-2)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-2 + h + 3)^4 - (-2 + 3)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 + h)^4 - (1)^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1^4 + 4(1)^3h + 6(1)^2h^2 + 4(1)h^3 + h^4 - 1^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4h + 6h^2 + 4h^3 + h^4}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 4 + 6h + 4h^2 + h^3 =$$

4

[Back to Questions](#)

(4) $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 1}$ at $(3, 2)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(4) $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ at $(3, 2)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(4) $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ at $(3, 2)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (3, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - \sqrt{4}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (3, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - \sqrt{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - 2}{h}$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (3, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - \sqrt{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - 2}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4+h} + 2}{\sqrt{4+h} + 2} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (3, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - \sqrt{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - 2}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4+h} + 2}{\sqrt{4+h} + 2} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{4+h})^2 - 2^2}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (3, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - \sqrt{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - 2}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4+h} + 2}{\sqrt{4+h} + 2} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{4+h})^2 - 2^2}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4+h-4}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (3, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - \sqrt{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - 2}{h} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} + 2}{\sqrt{4+h} + 2} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{4+h})^2 - 2^2}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4+h-4}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (3, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - \sqrt{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - 2}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4+h} + 2}{\sqrt{4+h} + 2} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{4+h})^2 - 2^2}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4+h-4}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h} + 2} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (3, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h+1} - \sqrt{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - \sqrt{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+h} - 2}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4+h} + 2}{\sqrt{4+h} + 2} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{4+h})^2 - 2^2}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4+h-4}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h(\sqrt{4+h} + 2)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h} + 2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(5) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$ at $\left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(5) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$ at $\left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} \text{ at } \left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3+h+1} - \frac{1}{3+1}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} \text{ at } \left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3+h+1} - \frac{1}{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{4+h} - \frac{1}{4}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} \text{ at } \left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3+h+1} - \frac{1}{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{4+h} - \frac{1}{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - (4+h)}{(4+h)4} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} \text{ at } \left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3+h+1} - \frac{1}{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{4+h} - \frac{1}{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - (4+h)}{(4+h)4} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{(4+h)4} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} \text{ at } \left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3+h+1} - \frac{1}{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{4+h} - \frac{1}{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - (4+h)}{(4+h)4} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{(4+h)4} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{(4+h)4} =$$

$$\frac{-1}{(4+0)4} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} \text{ at } \left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3+h+1} - \frac{1}{3+1}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{4+h} - \frac{1}{4}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 - (4+h)}{(4+h)4} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{(4+h)4} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{(4+h)4} =$$

$$\frac{-1}{(4+0)4} =$$

$$-\frac{1}{16}$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(6) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}}$ at $(4, 3)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(6) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}}$ at $(4, 3)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h}$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-h}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-1}{(9+h)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-h}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-1}{(9+h)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{-1}{(9+0)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+0}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-h}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-1}{(9+h)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{-1}{(9+0)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+0}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{(9)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-h}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-1}{(9+h)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{-1}{(9+0)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+0}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{(9)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{81}}{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-h}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-1}{(9+h)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{-1}{(9+0)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+0}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{(9)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{81}}{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{81}}{\frac{2}{3}} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-h}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-1}{(9+h)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{-1}{(9+0)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+0}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{(9)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{81}}{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{81}}{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{3-1}{2 \cdot 81} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}} \text{ at } (4, 3).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(4+h) - f(4)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4+h+5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+5}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}}}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} - \frac{1}{3}}{h} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} \right) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{9+h} - \frac{1}{9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{9 - (9+h)}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-h}{(9+h)9}}{h \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3} \right)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-1}{(9+h)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+h}} + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{-1}{(9+0)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9+0}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{(9)9}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{9}} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{81}}{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{-1}{81}}{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{3-1}{2 \cdot 81} = -\frac{1}{54}$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(7) $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$ at $(-2, 2)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(7) $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$ at $(-2, 2)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(7) $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$ at $(-2, 2)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1} \text{ at } (-2, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - \frac{-2}{-1}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1} \text{ at } (-2, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - \frac{-2}{-1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1} \text{ at } (-2, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - \frac{-2}{-1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2 \frac{-1+h}{-1+h}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1} \text{ at } (-2, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - \frac{-2}{-1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2 \frac{-1+h}{-1+h}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h - 2(-1+h)}{h(-1+h)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1} \text{ at } (-2, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - \frac{-2}{-1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2 \frac{-1+h}{-1+h}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h - 2(-1+h)}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h+2-2h}{h(-1+h)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1} \text{ at } (-2, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - \frac{-2}{-1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2 \frac{-1+h}{-1+h}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h - 2(-1+h)}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h+2-2h}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{h(-1+h)} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1} \text{ at } (-2, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - \frac{-2}{-1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2 \frac{-1+h}{-1+h}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h - 2(-1+h)}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h+2-2h}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{-1+h} =$$

$$\frac{-1}{-1+0} =$$

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1} \text{ at } (-2, 2).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-2+h) - f(-2)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-2+h+1} - \frac{-2}{-2+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - \frac{-2}{-1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-2+h}{-1+h} - 2 \frac{-1+h}{-1+h}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h - 2(-1+h)}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2+h+2-2h}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{-1+h} =$$

$$\frac{-1}{-1+0} = \mathbf{1}$$

(8) $f(x) = x\sqrt{x+1}$ at $(0, 0)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(8) $f(x) = x\sqrt{x+1}$ at $(0, 0)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0+h) - f(0)}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

(8) $f(x) = x\sqrt{x+1}$ at $(0,0)$.

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0+h) - f(0)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0+h)\sqrt{0+h+1} - 0\sqrt{0+1}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(8) \quad f(x) = x\sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (0,0).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0+h) - f(0)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0+h)\sqrt{0+h+1} - 0\sqrt{0+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h\sqrt{h+1}}{h} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(8) \quad f(x) = x\sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (0,0).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0+h) - f(0)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0+h)\sqrt{0+h+1} - 0\sqrt{0+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h\sqrt{h+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{h+1} =$$

[Back to Questions](#)

$$(8) \quad f(x) = x\sqrt{x+1} \text{ at } (0,0).$$

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0+h) - f(0)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(0+h)\sqrt{0+h+1} - 0\sqrt{0+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h\sqrt{h+1}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{h+1} = 1$$

[Back to Questions](#)